Walk On Water

St Paul's C of E VA Primary and Nursery School

With God ALL THINGS ARE possible

Romans

Year 3

Subject: History



Key People

Julius Caesar



Julius Caesar was a famous Roman leader. He won many battles for Rome and helped the Roman Empire grow. He was assassinated by a large group of Roman Senators in 44 BC.

Claudius



The Roman Emperor who launched the military campaign consisting of 40,000 troops and several war elephants which would lead to the conquest of Britain in 43 AD.

Boudica



The Celtic Queen of the Iceni tribe of modern-day East Anglia, Britain, who led a revolt against Rome in 60/61 AD.

Emperor Hadrian



The Roman emperor from 117 to 138 AD. He is known for building Hadrian's Wall, which marked the northern limit of Britannia.



753 BC The building of Rome begins.



202 BC Rome conquers territories outside Italy.



55 BC Julius Caesar first invades Britain but is forced to return home.

753 BC The Roman army lands in England.



122 AD The building of Hadrian's Wall begins.

410 AD Roman rule in Britain ends.



510 BC Rome becomes a Republic and officials are elected.



130 BC Rome conquers Greece and Spain.



6-4 BC Jesus is born.



60/61 AD Boudicca rebels against the Romans.



200 AD Rome is attacked by Barbarians.

Key Vocabulary	
amphitheatre	Where the Romans would go to be
aqueduct	A bridge that carries a canal across
archaeologist	Someone that studies ancient
Celts	A member of an ancient Indo-
centurion	The commander of a century in the
consul	The highest position in the Roman
dictator	A leader who rules a country with
empire	A group of countries that are con-
gladiator	A fighter in a Roman arena.
invade	One country attacking another to
Latin	The language used by the
mosaic	One picture made up of thousands of small tiles (tessellates).
senate	The Roman government.



Saint Alban

A priest was being chased by the Romans and St. Alban swapped clothes with the priest so he could escape. When they found out, the Romans ordered St. Alban to be killed. He was beheaded by sword. The town of St. Albans is named after him.