Walk On Water

St Paul's C of E VA Primary and Nursery School

With God all things are possible

Significant Events—Battles | Year 1 | Subject: History

Battle of Hastings (1066)

Harold marched his army from the North to confront William's invasion. William defeated Harold, who was killed in the battle .

Norman	People from Normandy in Northern France,
Vikings	Men from Norway. England had previously had Viking kings.
Anglo-Saxons	People who lived in England. Their ancestors had arrived from Northern Europe.
oath	A very serious promise.
Shield wall	Overlapping shields in battle for protection.
cavalry	Soldiers on horseback.
Bayeux Tapestry	Embroidery which tells the story of the Battle of Hastings.
Senlac Hill	Where the battle was fought.



William of Normandy



Harold Godwinson



Battle of Waterloo (1815)

A battle that took place in what is now Belgium between the French and the allied forces of Germany, Britain and Holland. The Duke of Wellington was victorious, and Napoleon was defeated.

Napoleon	Hugely successful Military leader who became emperor of France.
Duke of Wellington	British army general who defeated Napoleon at the Battle of Waterloo.
Wellington Boots	Wellington's name was given to Wellington boots, after the special boots he wore at the Battle of Waterloo.
Allies	Countries that come together to fight a battle.
Farmhouse fort	Wellington captured two farmhouses and used them as a fort to hold off the French army.
Infantry	Soldiers on foot.



Duke of Wellington



Napoleon



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Spanish Armada (1588)

In July 1588 the Armada set sail from Spain with the intention of invading England and overthrowing the queen, Elizabeth I.



Navy	A fleet of ships belonging to a country.
Fleet	A group of naval ships.
Lands End	A place on the coast of England. In July 1588, the English lit fire beacons to pass a warning of the Armada's arrival
Sir Francis Drake	Led the English fleet in the victorious battle against the Spanish Armada.
Queen Elizabeth I	Queen of England from 1558—1603.
King Philip II of Spain	Set up the Spanish Armada naval force of 130 ships to remove Queen Elizabeth I.
English Channel	An arm of the Atlantic ocean between Southern England and Northern France.





Sir Francis Drake



Queen Elizabeth I



King Philip II of Spain

Remembrance Day (11th November)

Remembrance Day is celebrated on 11th November in most countries to remember the of the First World War in 1918.

First World War	The First World War started in July 1914 and ended in November 1918. 700,000 UK solders were killed.
Armistice	An agreement to end fighting.
Trenches	Long, narrow ditches dug into the ground. They were where the soldiers lived when waiting to fight.
Poppy 	A red flower. Poppies grew in the battle fields after the First World War ended. They are worn as a symbol of remembrance,
Home front	People who stayed in Britain and helped the war effort.
Front line	The areas closest to the fighting, where soldiers waited in the trenches to fight.
Battle of the Somme	A battle that took place between the British Empire and the French against the German Empire.





King George V



Walter Tull—the first black officer to lead white soldiers into battle.