Walk On Water

St. Paul's C of E VA Primary and Nursery School

Knowledge Organisers



With God ALL THINGS ARE possible

MATTHEW 19:26

Geography | Year 5 | Europe – Scandinavia

Key Vocabulary	
continents	Large geographical regions.
land mass	A continent or other large body of land.
ocean	A very large area of sea.
equator	An imaginary line around the centre of the Earth.
latitude	East-west lines used to describe the location of any place on Earth.
longitude	North-south lines used to describe the location of any place on Earth.
hemisphere	Imaginary division of two parts of the Earth (northern and southern).
Prime Meridian	An imaginary line used as the basis for the world's time zones.
Tropic of Cancer and Capricorn	The region on Earth that is closest to the Equator
Arctic and Antarctic Circle	An imaginary line drawn parallel to the equator marking the Arctic or Antarctic.
Scandinavia	The region of northern Europe made up of Sweden, Norway, and Denmark

Key Information

- Countries are grouped into landmasses and these are continents.
- Seven continents in the world: Europe, North America, South America, Africa, Asia, Oceania Understand that oceans are large bodies of water.
- Five oceans in the world: Atlantic Ocean, Pacific Ocean, Indian Ocean, Southern Ocean and Arctic Ocean.
- A sea is a small part of an ocean and seas are often where an ocean and land meet.
- Scandinavia is located within the Arctic Circle, in Northern Europe.
- Three countries (Norway, Denmark and Sweden) make up Scandinavia.
- These countries are colder than the UK as they are further North, away from the equator.
- Copenhagen, the capital and largest city of Denmark.
- Stockholm, the capital and largest city of Sweden, and the largest of the five capitals of Scandinavia.
- Oslo, the capital and most populous city of Norway.



Norway



Denmark



Sweden



