Walk On Water

St. Paul's C of E VA Primary and Nursery School

Knowledge Organisers

With God ALL THINGS ARE possible

Geography	Year 6	National Parks

Key Vocabulary	
cove	A small sheltered bay.
cultural heritage	The legacy of artefacts and attributes of society inherited from past generations.
economy	Activities related to the production, consumption, and trade of goods and services.
elevation	Distance above sea level.
estuaries	Where the tide meets the stream.
glacial	Very cold and icy.
harbour	Where ships moor.
heathland	An area of open, low growing woody vegetation.
moorland	Uncultivated hill land.
National Park	An area of countryside protected for enjoyment or the preservation of wildlife.
sustainability	Fulfilling the needs of current generations without compromising the needs of future generations.
topographical	Accurate representation of the physical features of an area.
tor	A hill or rocky peak.

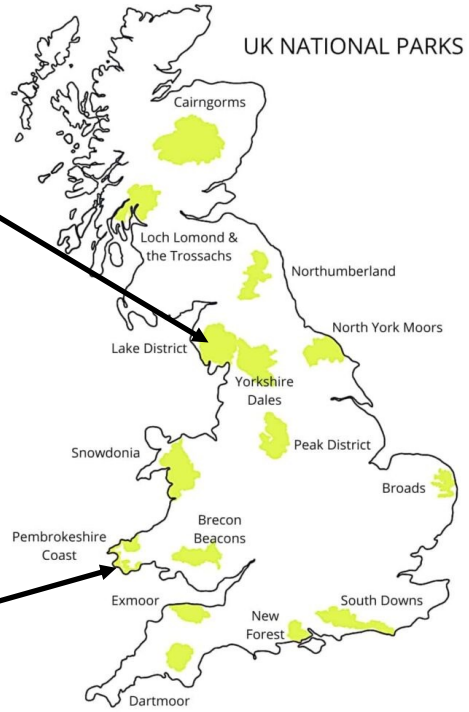
Key Information

The Lake District

- Located in the North West of England in Cumbria.
- England's largest National Park
- Covers 2,362 square kilometres made up of lots of mountains and lakes and 26 miles of coastline and **estuaries**.
- 40,000 people live within the boundaries of the **National Park.**

Pembrokeshire

- Located in South Wales.
- UK's only fully coastal National Park.
- One of the smallest of the UK's National Parks.
- Around 22,000 people live within the Pembrokeshire National Park



Tourism

Positive	Negative
•Supports local shops and businesses. •The improved transport services benefits the locals. •Money made from tourism can go back into conserving the National Park. •Jobs are created for local people.	•Increased litter and pollution. •Traffic congestion. •Footpath erosion. •Local environments and habitats can be damaged. •Work is seasonal.